

STATE OF PROJECT SHEET TOTAL NO. SHEETS

OAKOTA 029 S-168 1 19

Plotting Date: 03/23/2020

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TRAFFIC CONTROL

SHEET 9-19 STR. NO. 55-089-380 PLANS

AADT (2018) 3007 AADT (2038) 3916 DHV 478 DY 50% DHV T% 12.8% AADT T% 28.0 V 80 MPH

STORM WATER PERMIT None Required

ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES AND ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENTS

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GENERAL QUANTITIES

BID ITEM NUMBER	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT
009E0010	Mobilization	Lump Sum	LS
410E0250	Heat Straighten Steel Member(s)	Lump Sum	LS
410E0380	Remove and Replace Steel Diaphragm	1	Each
410E0508	0508 Field Weld		ln
410E0512	0E0512 Grind Weld		ln
410E0515	10E0515 Drill Hole in Existing Steel		Each
410E0520	10E0520 Surface Grinding of Structural Steel		Sqln
410E3010	E3010 Magnetic Particle Weld Inspection		ln
412E0100	I2E0100 Bridge Repainting, Class I		LS
412E0500	412E0500 Paint Residue Containment		LS
634E0010	634E0010 Flagging		Hour
634E0110	634E0110 Traffic Control Signs		SqFt
634E0120	34E0120 Traffic Control, Miscellaneous		LS
634E0275	E0275 Type 3 Barricade		Each
634E0420	Type C Advance Warning Arrow Board	1	Each
634E0600	4" Temporary Pavement Marking Tape Type I	3,304	Ft

SPECIFICATIONS

Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges, 2015 Edition and Required Provisions, Supplemental Specifications, and Special Provisions as included in the Proposal.

ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENTS

The SDDOT is committed to protecting the environment and uses Section A Environmental Commitments as a communication tool for the Engineer and Contractor to ensure that attention is given to avoid, minimize, and/or mitigate an environmental impact. Environmental commitments to various agencies and the public have been made to secure approval of this project. An agency with permitting authority can delay a project if identified environmental impacts have not been adequately addressed. Unless otherwise designated, the Contractor's primary contact regarding matters associated with these commitments will be the Project Engineer. These environmental commitments are not subject to change without prior written approval from the SDDOT Environmental Office.

Additional guidance on SDDOT's Environmental Commitments can be accessed through the Environmental Procedures Manual found at: https://dot.sd.gov/media/documents/EnvironmentalProceduresManual.pdf

For questions regarding change orders in the field that may have an effect on an Environmental Commitment, the Project Engineer will contact the Environmental Office at 605-773-3098 or 605-773-4336 to determine whether an environmental analysis and/or resource agency coordination is necessary.

COMMITMENT B: FEDERALLY THREATENED, ENDANGERED, AND PROTECTED SPECIES

COMMITMENT B4: BALD EAGLE

Bald eagles are known to occur in this area.

Action Taken/Required:

If a nest is observed within one mile of the project site, notify the Project Engineer immediately so that he/she can consult with the Environmental Office for an appropriate course of action.

COMMITMENT E: STORM WATER

Construction activities constitute less than 1 acre of disturbance.

Action Taken/Required:

At a minimum and regardless of project size, appropriate erosion and sediment control measures must be installed to control the discharge of pollutants from the construction site.

COMMITMENT H: WASTE DISPOSAL SITE

The Contractor will furnish a site(s) for the disposal of construction and/or demolition debris generated by this project.

Action Taken/Required:

Construction and/or demolition debris may not be disposed of within the Public ROW.

The waste disposal site(s) will be managed and reclaimed in accordance with the following from the General Permit for Construction/Demolition Debris Disposal Under the South Dakota Waste Management Program issued by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources.

The waste disposal site(s) will not be located in a wetland, within 200 feet of surface water, or in an area that adversely affects wildlife, recreation, aesthetic value of an area, or any threatened or endangered species, as approved by the Environmental Office and the Project Engineer.

If the waste disposal site(s) is located such that it is within view of any ROW, the following additional requirements will apply:

- 1. Construction and/or demolition debris consisting of concrete, asphalt concrete, or other similar materials will be buried in a trench completely separate from wood debris. The final cover over the construction and/or demolition debris will consist of a minimum of 1 foot of soil capable of supporting vegetation. Waste disposal sites provided outside of the Public ROW will be seeded in accordance with Natural Resources Conservation Service recommendations. The seeding recommendations may be obtained through the appropriate County NRCS Office. The Contractor will control the access to waste disposal sites not within the Public ROW with fences, gates, and placement of a sign or signs at the entrance to the site stating "No Dumping Allowed".
- 2. Concrete and asphalt concrete debris may be stockpiled within view of the ROW for a period of time not to exceed the duration of the project. Prior to project completion, the waste shall be removed from view of the ROW or buried and the waste disposal site reclaimed as noted above.

The above requirements will not apply to waste disposal sites that are covered by an individual solid waste permit as specified in SDCL 34A-6-58, SDCL 34A-6-1.13, and ARSD 74:27:10:06.

Failure to comply with the requirements stated above may result in civil penalties in accordance with South Dakota Solid Waste Law, SDCL 34A-6-1.31.

All costs associated with furnishing waste disposal site(s), disposing of waste, maintaining control of access (fence, gates, and signs), and reclamation of the waste disposal site(s) will be incidental to the various contract items.

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COMMITMENT I: HISTORICAL PRESERVATION OFFICE CLEARANCES

State Historical Preservation Office (SHPO or THPO) concurrence has not been obtained for this project.

Action Taken/Required:

All earth disturbing activities require a cultural resource review prior to scheduling the pre-construction meeting. This work includes, but is not limited to: Contractor furnished material sources, material processing sites, stockpile sites, storage areas, plant sites, and waste areas.

The Contractor will arrange and pay for a record search and when necessary, a cultural resource survey. The Contractor has the option to contact the state Archaeological Research Center (ARC) at 605-394-1936 or another qualified archaeologist, to obtain either a records search or a cultural resources survey. A record search might be sufficient for review if the site was previously surveyed; however, a cultural resources survey may need to be conducted by a qualified archaeologist.

The Contractor will provide ARC with the following: a topographical map or aerial view of which the site is clearly outlined, site dimensions, project number, and PCN. If applicable, provide evidence that the site has been previously disturbed by farming, mining, or construction activities with a landowner statement that artifacts have not been found on the site.

The Contractor will submit the cultural resources survey report to SDDOT Environmental Office, 700 East Broadway Avenue, Pierre, SD 57501-2586. SDDOT will submit the information to the appropriate SHPO/THPO. Allow **30 Days** from the date this information is submitted to the Environmental Engineer for SHPO/THPO review.

In the event of an inadvertent discovery of human remains, funerary objects, or if evidence of cultural resources is identified during project construction activities, then such activities will immediately cease and the Project Engineer will be immediately notified. The Project Engineer will contact the SDDOT Environmental Office to determine an appropriate course of action.

The Contractor is responsible for obtaining any additional permits and clearances for Contractor furnished material sources, material processing sites, stockpile sites, storage areas, plant sites, and waste areas that affect wetlands, threatened and endangered species, or waterways. The Contractor will not utilize a site known or suspected of having contaminated soil or water. The Contractor will provide the required permits and clearances to the Project Engineer at the preconstruction meeting.

PROJECT START DATE

Work on this project may not begin until after June 7, 2020.

SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS & TRAFFIC CONTROL

The following sequence of operations will be followed unless an alternate sequence is submitted in writing to the Area Engineer two weeks prior to the preconstruction meeting and approved.

- 1. Install traffic control devices to close one lane of the County Road as well as the right lane of I-29 SB. The lane to be closed on the County Road shall coincide with where heat straightening and superstructure repair is located.
- 2. Switch traffic control on the County Road to the opposite lane. Retain sclosure of I-29 SB.
- 3. Remove traffic control devices once the superstructure repairs are completed.

GENERAL MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

Standard plate 634.25 will be used when an overnight or longer lane closure is required on the County Road. The length of the closure will be kept to a minimum to allow the maximum amount of sight distance. Standard Plate 634.23 has been included in the plans and may be used as an alternate lane closure, as approved by the Engineer. If this closure is used it must be returned to the stop condition prior to nightfall.

Any traffic control devices presently in place on I-29 will be neatly stockpiled as directed by the Engineer.

The lane closure on I-29 must be installed prior to beginning girder repairs and remain in place until the project is complete.

I-29 Traffic may not be stopped at any time to facilitate the Contractor's operation.

A 16' lane of travel must be maintained on I-29 at all times.

A 14' lane of travel must be maintained on the County Road.

Flaggers will be required where work activity and/or equipment may encroach into a lane open to traffic.

4" Temporary Pavement Marking Tape Type I will be used to make the 24" Stop Bars on the County Road.

The no passing zone lines shown on standard plate 634.23 and the taper line show on standard plate 634.63 may be Temporary Raised Pavement Markings (Tabs) spaced at 5'.

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WORK ZONE SPEED REDUCTION

The Department is required to obtain a speed reduction resolution prior to the installation of any SPEED LIMIT (R2-1) signs shown on standard plate 634.63. To provide adequate time for the resolution to be enacted, the Contractor will inform the Engineer a minimum of 3 weeks prior to the scheduled installation of any work zone speed reduction signs on the project. The information provided by the Contractor will include the anticipated date of sign installation, the newly reduced speed limit, the location of the work zone, and the anticipated completion date of work requiring the speed reduction.

be used at intersection control intersection.
The buffer sp so that the t placed before curve to prov distance for to of stopped ve
The length of fit field condi

Posted Speed Prior to Work (M.P.H.) 0 - 30 35 - 40 45	Spacing of Advance Warning Signs (Feet) (A) 200 350 500	Devices (Feet) (G) 25 25 25 50			
55 750 50 60 - 65 1000 50					
■ Flagger ■ Channelizing Device					

For low-volume traffic situations with short work zones on straight roadways where the flagger is visible to road users approaching from both directions, a single flagger may be used.

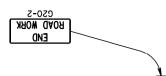
The ROAD WORK AHEAD and the END ROAD WORK signs may be omitted for short duration operations (I hour or less).

For tack and/or flush seal operations, when flaggers are not being used, the FRESH OIL sign (W2I-2) shall be displayed in advance of the liquid asphalt areas.

Flashing warning lights and/or flags may be used to call attention to the advance warning signs.

The channelizing devices shall be drums or 42" cones.

Channelizing devices are not required along the centerline adjacent to work area when pilot cars are utilized for escorting traffic through the work area.



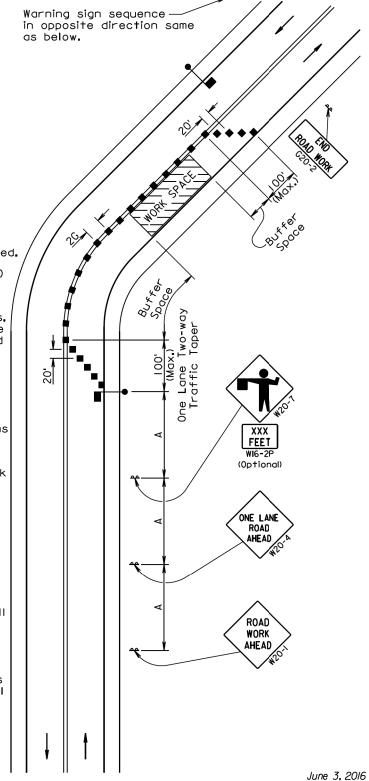
S D D

Channelizing devices and flaggers shall be used at intersecting roads to control intersecting road traffic as required.

The buffer space should be extended so that the two-way traffic taper is placed before a horizontal or vertical curve to provide adequate sight distance for the flagger and queue of stopped vehicles.

The length of A may be adjusted to fit field conditions.

Published Date: 1st Qtr. 2020

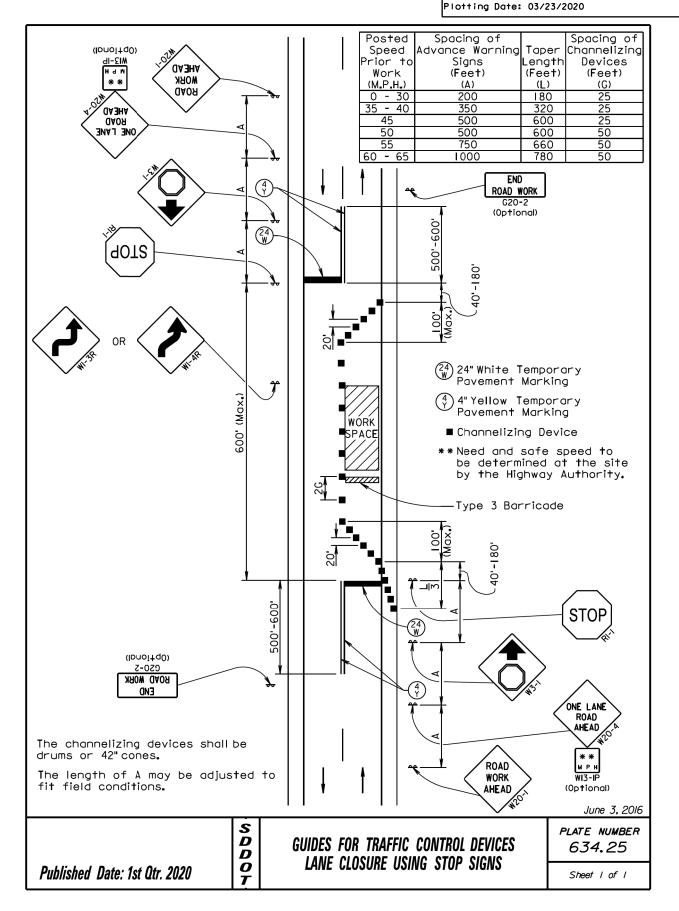


GUIDES FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LANE CLOSURE WITH FLAGGER PROVIDED

PLATE NUMBER 634.23

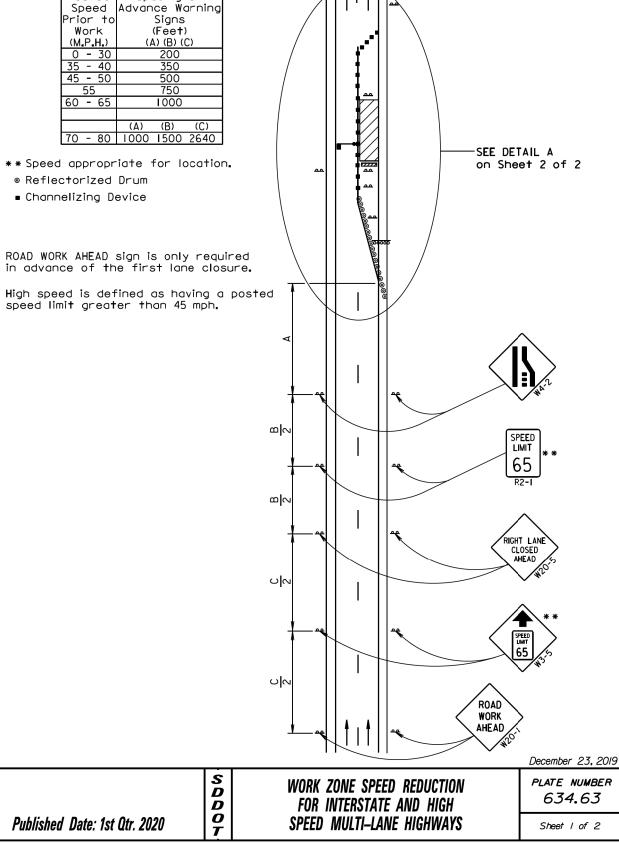
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OTTEN FROM - TRABLASAG

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Spacing of

Plotting Date: 03/23/2020 Posted Spacing of Speed Channelizina Taper Prior to Devices .ength Work (Feet) (Feet) END ROAD WORK 180 0 - 30 35 - 40 320 45 600 50 600 55 50 * 660 XDW) 50 * 780 50 * SPEED LIMIT * Spacing is 40' for 42" cones. 00 80 **Speed appropriate for location. ***Use speed limit designated for R2-I the condition when workers are present in the work space. SPEED LIMIT Signs will be covered or removed when workers are 65 not present. ■ Flagger (As Necessary) -Work Space Channelizing Device # The Work Space will be a minimum of 500' from the end of the taper. Type 3 Barricade The FLAGGER sign will be used whenever there is a Flagger SPEED LIMIT present. The channelizing devices will 45 be 42" cones or drums. 42" cones may be used in place of the drums shown in the taper if setup will not be used during night time hours. FINES DOUBLE As Necessary) 4"white temporary pavement marking tape for right lane closures, 4" yellow temporary pavement marking tape for left lane closures, or temporary raised pavement markers at 5' spacing will be installed in the taper when the lane is closed overnight, and along the tangent section where the skip lines do not exist and the lane is closed for more than 3 days. Arrow Board Sequential Chevron DETAIL A December 23, 2019 S PLATE NUMBER WORK ZONE SPEED REDUCTION D 634.63 FOR INTERSTATE AND HIGH \bar{D} 0 SPEED MULTI-LANE HIGHWAYS Published Date: 1st Qtr. 2020 Sheet 2 of 2

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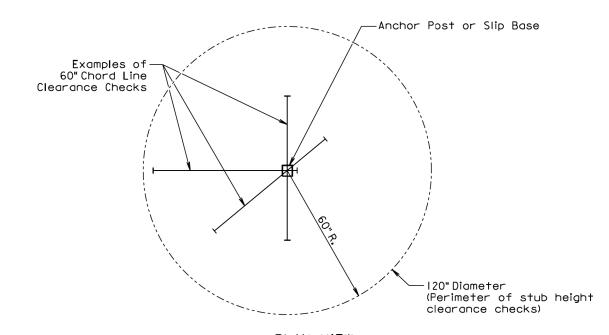
CRASHWORTHY SIGN SUPPORTS (Typical Construction Signing)

PLATE NUMBER *634.85*

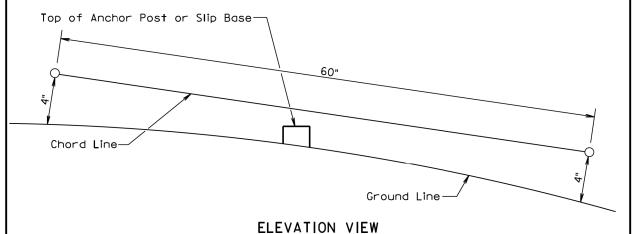
September 22,2014

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PLAN VIEW (Examples of stub height clearance checks)



GENERAL NOTES:

The top of anchor posts and slip bases SHALL NOT extend above a 60" chord line within a 120" diameter circle around the post with ends 4" above the ground.

At locations where there is curb and gutter adjacent to the breakaway sign support, the stub height shall be a maximum of 4" above the ground line at the localized area adjacent to the breakaway support stub.

The 4" stub height clearance is not necessary for U-channel lap splices where the support is designed to yield (bend) at the base.

July I, 2005 PLATE NUMBER

634.99

S D D O BREAKAWAY SUPPORT STUB CLEARANCE

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Walkway

RURAL DISTRICT

6' to 12'



S D D O T

* If the bottom of supplemental plate is mounted lower than 7 feet above a pedestrian walkway, the supplemental plate should not project more than 4" into the pedestrian facility.

6' Minimum Sign shall be level.

Paved Shoulder

RURAL DISTRICT WITH

SUPPLEMENTAL PLATE

6' to 12'

RURAL DISTRICT 3 DAY MAXIMUM

(Not applicable to regulatory signs)

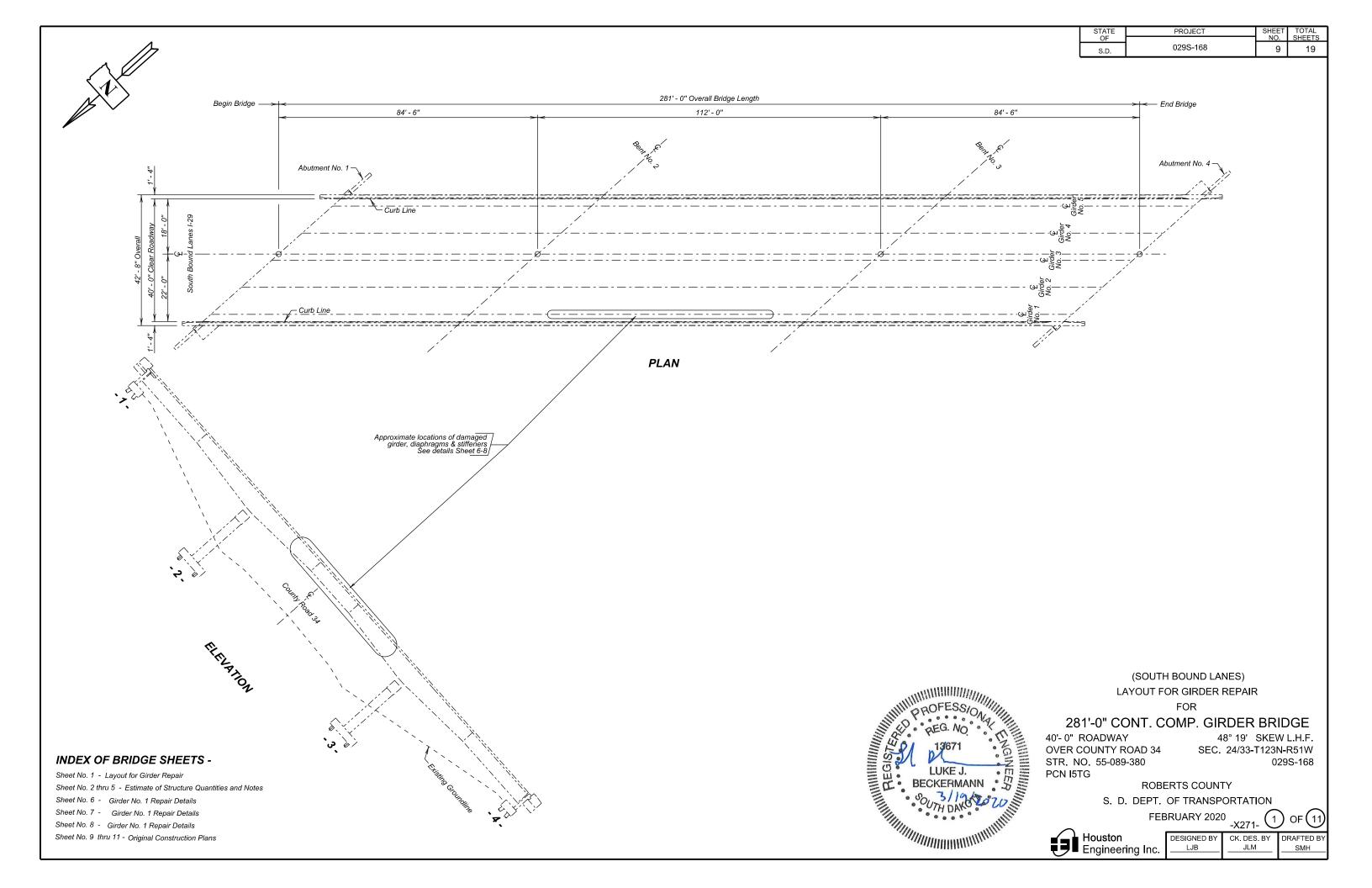
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ITEMIZED LIST FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS

CONVENTIONAL ROAD						E	XPRESSWAY	/ INTERSTA	TE
SIGN CODE	SIGN DESCRIPTION	NUMBER	SIGN SIZE	SQFT PER SIGN	SQFT	NUMBER	SIGN SIZE	SQFT PER SIGN	SQFT
R1-1	STOP	2	30"	5.2	10.4		36"	7.5	
R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 45		24" x 30"	5.0		2	36" x 48"	12.0	24.0
R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 65		24" x 30"	5.0		2	36" x 48"	12.0	24.0
R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 80		24" x 30"	5.0		1	36" x 48"	12.0	12.0
R2-6aP	FINES DOUBLE (plaque)		24" x 18"	3.0		1	36" x 24"	6.0	6.0
W1-4	REVERSE CURVE (L or R)	1	48" x 48"	16.0	16.0		48" x 48"	16.0	
W3-1	STOP AHEAD (symbol)	2	48" x 48"	16.0	32.0		48" x 48"	16.0	
W3-5	SPEED REDUCTION AHEAD (XX MPH)		48" x 48"	16.0		3	48" x 48"	16.0	48.0
W4-2	LEFT or RIGHT LANE ENDS (symbol)		48" x 48"	16.0		2	48" x 48"	16.0	32.0
W13-1P	ADVISORY SPEED (plaque)	2	2 30" x 30" 6.3		12.6		30" x 30"	6.3	
W20-1	ROAD WORK AHEAD	2	48" x 48"	16.0	32.0	2	48" x 48"	16.0	32.0
W20-4	ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD	2	48" x 48"	16.0	32.0		48" x 48"	16.0	
W20-5	LEFT or RIGHT LANE CLOSED AHEAD		48" x 48"	16.0		2	48" x 48"	16.0	32.0
W20-7	FLAGGER (symbol)	2	48" x 48"	16.0	32.0	1	48" x 48"	16.0	16.0
G20-2	END ROAD WORK	2	36" x 18"	4.5	9.0	1	48" x 24"	8.0	8.0
I 176 0 I					SSWAY / INTE		234.0		



ESTIMATE OF STRUCTURE QUANTITIES

BID ITEM NUMBER	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT
410E0250	0250 Heat Straighten Steel Member(s)		LS
410E0380	410E0380 Remove and Replace Steel Diaphragm		Each
410E0508	410E0508 Field Weld		In
410E0512	410E0512 Grind Weld		In
410E0515	410E0515 Drill Hole in Existing Steel		Each
410E0520	410E0520 Surface Grinding of Structural Steel		SqIn
410E3010	410E3010 Magnetic Particle Weld Inspection		In
412E0100	12E0100 Bridge Repainting, Class I		LS
412E0500	Paint Residue Containment	Lump Sum	LS

SPECIFICATIONS

- 1. Design Specifications: AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges 17th Edition using Working Stress Design.
- 2. Construction Specifications: South Dakota Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges, 2015 Edition and Required Provisions, Supplemental Specifications and Special Provisions as included in the Proposal.
- 3. All Welding and Welding Inspection shall be in conformance with the AASHTO/AWS Bridge Welding Code D1.5M/D1.5:2015 unless otherwise noted in this plan set.

PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING

A pre-construction meeting is required prior to beginning the repair work. The purpose of the meeting is to review the plans and procedures because of the specialty work involved. At a minimum, a representative from the Contractor and all Subcontractors shall attend this meeting along with Department personnel from the Area Office and Bridge Office. The contractor must notify the Bridge Construction Engineer and the Area Office at least five days prior to the meeting.

DETAILS AND DIMENSIONS OF EXISTING BRIDGE

All details and dimensions of the existing bridge, contained in these plans, are based on the original construction plans and shop plans and are provided as information only. It is the Contractor's responsibility to inspect and verify the actual field conditions and any necessary as-built dimensions affecting the satisfactory completion of the work required for this project.

SHOP PLANS

Shop plans shall be required as specified by Section 410.3.A of the Construction Specifications.

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION

- 1. Welder certification shall be in accordance with Section 410.3.D of the Construction Specifications.
- 2. The new steel diaphragm plates shall be ASTM A709 Gr. 36.

NOTICE - LEAD BASED PAINT

Be advised that the paint on the steel surfaces of the existing structure is a paint containing lead. The Contractor should plan his/her operations accordingly and inform employees of the hazards of lead exposure.

SCOPE OF BRIDGE WORK

- 1. Identify and mark all yield lines, yielded zones, and surface nicks and gouges.
- 2. Grind surface nicks and gouges.
- 3. Clean and prepare area to be tested as specified by the Bridge Welding Code and these notes.
- 4. Nondestructive test fillet welds, crack tips and potential crack tips at the locations shown in the plans.
- 5. Repair crack tips and weld flaws found by nondestructive testing prior to heat straightening. No heat straightening shall be performed until the nondestructive testing is complete and any necessary repairs are done for the member to be straightened.
- 6. Heat straighten damaged girder G1 including top and bottom flanges, web, and transverse stiffeners.
- 7. Re-weld web to bottom flange in plan specified locations.
- 8. Perform nondestructive testing required after heat straightening and perform any repairs required.
- 9. Remove and replace the plan specified diaphragm on girder G1.
- 10. Perform nondestructive testing required after heat repairs.
- 11. Repair crack tips, and weld flaws found by nondestructive testing.
- 12. Clean and paint work affected areas and new structural steel.

FIELD WELDING PROCEDURES

- 1. Approved Welding Procedure Specifications (WPS) will be required for this project, using the Shielded Metal Arc Welding (SMAW) process and an approved E7018 electrode from Table 4.1 of the Bridge Welding Code. The proposed WPSs for this project shall be submitted on Form O-2, from Annex O of the Bridge Welding Code, to the Bridge Construction Engineer for approval at least 2 weeks prior to construction.
- 2. Preparation of the base metal prior to welding shall be in accordance with Clause 3 of the Bridge Welding Code. Existing paint shall be removed a distance of 2 inches from each side of the weld.

3. Preheat will be required. Preheat and interpass temperature requirements shall be in accordance with Clause 4.2 of the Bridge Welding Code. The minimum pre-heat and interpass temperature shall be 320 degrees F for welds to the 1 1/4" and 1/2" girder flanges and 300 degrees F for welds to the 5/16" girder web as determined from Annex G of the Bridge Welding Code for high restraint conditions. Temperature indicating cravons shall be the minimum acceptable method for monitoring preheat and interpass temperatures.

S.D.

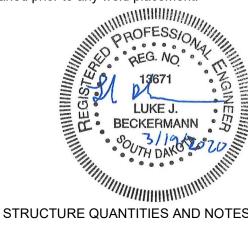
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- 4. SMAW electrode atmospheric exposure requirements shall comply with Clause 4.5 of the Bridge Welding Code. Electrodes shall be purchased in hermetically sealed containers. If the container shows evidence of damage, the electrodes shall be dried in a drying oven for at least one hour at temperatures between 700 and 800 degrees F before they are used. Immediately after opening a hermetically sealed container or removal of the electrodes from a drying oven, electrodes shall be stored in ovens at a temperature of at least 250 degrees F. Electrodes exposed to the atmosphere upon removal from drying or storage ovens or hermetically sealed containers shall be used within four hours maximum or redried at 450 to 550 degrees F for two hours minimum. Electrodes exposed to the atmosphere for periods less than four hours may be returned to a storage oven and maintained at a minimum of 250 degrees F for a minimum of four hours before reissue. Electrodes shall be redried no more than one time. Electrodes which have been wet shall not be used.
- 5. All welds shall be cleaned in accordance with Clause 3.11 of the Bridge Welding Code. Completed welds and adjacent areas shall be cleaned of all weld splatter, slag, smoke and heat affected paint. No intermittent or "stitch" welds will be allowed.
- E7018 electrodes shall be used for tack welds. The size of tack welds shall not be greater than 5/16". Tack welds shall be positioned so they will be incorporated into, and re-melted by, the final weld. Tack welds shall be thoroughly cleaned prior to any weld placement.



ESTIMATE OF STRUCTURE QUANTITIES AND NOTES

FOR

281'-0" CONT. COMP. GIRDER BRIDGE

Str. No. 55-089-380

FEBRUARY 2020





DESIGNED BY

WELD INSPECTION AND NONDESTRUCTIVE TESTING (NDT)

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for retaining a qualified Testing Agency to perform Visual, Magnetic Particle (MT), and Ultrasonic (UT) inspection of existing and new welds and to locate existing and potential crack tips. Inspectors performing Visual, MT and UT inspection and crack tip location shall be certified in accordance with Section 410.3 D of the Construction Specifications. The Contractor shall submit the Testing Agency to the Department at the Preconstruction meeting for approval by the Bridge Construction Engineer.
- 2. All Nondestructive Testing (NDT), required cleaning, preparation, and inspection shall be done in accordance with Clause 6 of the Bridge Welding Code. Existing paint shall be removed from the steel surfaces that require NDT. Power tools used for cleaning shall be in accordance with SSPC-3. The MT inspection shall be performed by the voke method using half-wave rectified direct or alternating current. MT inspection results shall be reported on Form O-7 of Annex O and UT results shall be reported on Form F-4 of Annex F of the Bridge Welding Code.
- 3. The Contractor shall identify and mark all yield zones, yield lines, and associated damage and provide this information to the Engineer prior to the initiation of heat straightening and testing by either visual inspection or measurements.
- 4. Testing for defects and crack tips shall be made prior to any heat straightening. Repair options for the defects and crack tips shall be determined by the Bridge Construction Engineer—see note on Repairs for NDT Determined Flaws. Repairs shall be made prior to any heat straightening.
- 5. As a minimum, the existing fillet welds shall be inspected as noted below. Defects shall be clearly marked on the girder in accordance with the Bridge Welding Code and a written record of the defects shall be given to the Engineer for transmittal to the Bridge Construction Engineer. Any suspected cracks shall be verified by magnetic particle inspection with the crack tips located. Crack tip locations shall be clearly marked on the girder and a written record of the crack tip location shall be given to the Engineer for transmittal to the Bridge Construction Engineer. Notify the Bridge Construction Engineer if any cracks or crack tips are located in the girder flange.
 - a. Visually Inspect 100% of the existing fillet welds in the deformed and damaged area. The deformed length is estimated to be 112 feet.
 - b. MT test the bottom flange to web weld, on both sides of the web, a minimum of 12" beyond any yielded girder zones for an estimated 204 inches.
 - c. On the transverse stiffeners to be heat straightened or have welds removed and replaced, MT test the stiffener welds to web top, bottom, and both sides of the stiffener for an estimated 576 linear inches.
 - d. MT test both sides of the stiffener to web weld and both sides top and bottom of the stiffener to flange welds at the diaphragms to be removed and replaced. This includes the diaphragm stiffeners on each end of the diaphragm and the outside transverse stiffener for an estimated 326 linear inches.

- 6. The above listed quantities are provided as an estimate based on field documentation of the damage. If any other areas are identified as having potential flaws or require heat straightening these areas shall be tested as directed by the Engineer.
- 7. After heat straightening, the areas listed above shall be retested to ensure no additional cracks have developed. The estimated weld length and area for re-testing is 1106 linear inches.
- 8. New fillet welds on stiffeners and diaphragms shall be 100% visually inspected and 20% magnetic particle inspected. Based on the results of the magnetic particle and visual inspection, the Bridge Construction Engineer will determine the acceptability of the completed fillet welds and any recommended repairs. Rejected defects in new welds shall be repaired in accordance with the Bridge Welding Code. Repaired welds shall be re-inspected after all repairs are complete. The estimated length for MT inspection is 65 linear inches.
- 9. New fillet welds between web and bottom flange shall be 100% visually inspected and 100% magnetic particle inspected. Based on the results of the magnetic particle and visual inspection, the Bridge Construction Engineer will determine the acceptability of the completed fillet welds and any recommended repairs. Rejected defects in new welds shall be repaired in accordance with the Bridge Welding Code. Repaired welds shall be re-inspected after all repairs are complete. The estimated length for MT inspection is 72 linear inches.
- 10. The plans listed quantity for nondestructive testing inspection is only an estimate. Magnetic Particle Weld Inspection and Ultrasonic Weld Inspection will be measured to the nearest inch. Measurement shall be approved by the Bridge Construction Engineer.
- 11. All costs including labor, equipment, cleaning, paint removal, and any incidentals necessary to perform the visual inspection, magnetic particle inspection and crack tip location shall be incidental to the contract unit price per inch for Magnetic Particle Weld Inspection.

REPAIRS FOR NDT DETERMINED FLAWS

- 1. Repair options for weld defects and crack tips shall be determined by the Bridge Construction Engineer. Two potential repair options are:
 - a. Drill 1" diameter hole in all crack tips.
- b. Repair fillet weld defects by removing the weld with the air carbon arc process and then grinding flush. Grinding shall be in the longitudinal direction. Transverse grinding will not be allowed. The repair shall then be re-welded in accordance with the Bridge Welding Code.

 All labor, equipment, materials and incidentals necessary to drill holes in the web shall be incidental to the contract unit price per each for Drill Hole in Existing Steel.

 All labor, equipment, materials and incidentals necessary including air carbon arc removal and grinding of welds shall be incidental to the contract unit price per inch for Grind Weld. carbon arc process and then grinding flush. Grinding shall be in
- 2. All labor, equipment, materials and incidentals necessary to drill
- 3. All labor, equipment, materials and incidentals necessary including

PROJECT 029S-168 S.D. 11

- 4. All labor, equipment, materials and incidentals necessary to re-weld the repair shall be incidental to the contract unit price per inch for Field Weld.
- 5. Other repair options shall be at the discretion of the Bridge Construction Engineer.

HEAT STRAIGHTENING

1. This Contract includes heat straightening of steel girders, including bottom flange, web, transverse stiffeners and diaphragms. Heat straightening is considered specialty work and only the following contractors are allowed to do this work. Contact:

Judd Holt

International Straightening Incorporated

901 E. Bristol Drive Bismarck, ND 58501

Telephone: (701) 223-5972 or (701) 751-1683

Fax: (701) 751-1683 E-mail: isisteel@gmail.com

Website: www.steelstraightening.com

Darryl Thomas Flame On. Inc. 12632 Wagner Road Monroe, WA 98272 Telephone: (425) 397-7039

Fax: (425) 397-7002 Cellular: (425) 501-9855 E-mail: d.thomas@flameon.com Website: www.flameoninc.com

2. Heat Straightening requires nondestructive testing of both new and existing welds. The Contractor shall use a qualified testing agency subject to the approval by the Bridge Construction Engineer. The Contractor shall submit the testing agency to the Area Office for approval of the Bridge Construction Engineer. See Weld Inspection & Nondestructive Testing notes elsewhere in these plans.



NOTES (CONTINUED)

FOR

281'-0" CONT. COMP. GIRDER BRIDGE

Str. No. 55-089-380

FEBRUARY 2020





DESIGNED BY CK. DES. B' LJB JLM

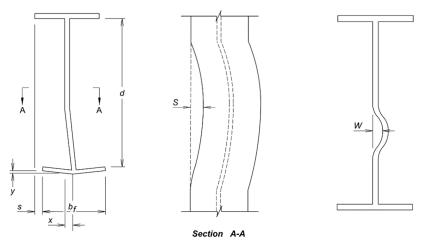
HEAT STRAIGHTENING (CONTINUED)

3. The equipment used for heat straightening shall be an oxygen-fuel combination. The fuel shall be propane or acetylene. The application of heat shall be by single or multiple orifice tips only. The size of the tip shall be proportional to the thickness of the heated material. As a guide, the following table shows the recommended tip sizes. No cutting torch heads are permitted

Steel Thickness (in)	Orifice Type	Size
< 1/4	Single	3
3/8	Single	4
1/2	Single	5
5/8	Single	7
3/4	Single	8
1	Single	8
	Rosebud	3
2	Single	8
	Rosebud	4
3	Rosebud	5
> 4	Rosebud	5

- 4. The temperature of all steel during heat straightening shall not exceed 1,200° F. The Contractor shall use one or more of the following methods for verifying temperatures during heat straightening.
 - a. Temperature sensitive crayons
 - b. Pyrometer
 - c. Infrared non-contact thermometer
- 5. Material should be heated in a single pass and shall be allowed to air cool to below 250°F prior to re-heating.
- 6. Hot Mechanical Straightening and Hot Working will **NOT** be allowed.
- 7. Jacks used to aide heat straightening shall be placed so that forces are relieved as straightening occurs during cooling. Jacking shall be limited so that the maximum bending moment in the heated zone shall be less than 50% of the plastic moment capacity of the member or 50% of yield for local forces. The yield of the material is 36 ksi.

8. The final dimensions of heat straightened structural members shall conform to the following tolerances:



d = original depth of web

bf = original width of flange

X = final displacement of web ≤ maximum of d/100 or ¼"

Y = final displacement of edge of flange ≤ ¼ "

W = maximum final local deformation in web $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ "

S = sweep of flange from original edge of flange ≤ ½" over 20 ft

9. All labor, materials, equipment, and any incidentals necessary to perform the required heat straightening shall be incidental to the contract lump sum price for Heat Straighten Steel Member(s).

REMOVE AND REPLACE DIAPHRAGMS

- 1. The existing diaphragm and diaphragm stiffeners shown in the plans shall be removed prior to heat straightening and nondestructive testing. Removed diaphragm portion shall not be reused and shall be disposed of by the Contractor.
- 2. Cutting of the existing diaphragm and diaphragm stiffener shall be accomplished using the air carbon arc process or plasma cutting. Weld removal shall be by air carbon arc gouging.
- 3. The diaphragm and diaphragm stiffener shall be replaced and welded as shown in the Plans, after the web repairs and heat straightening are complete.
- 4. During the removal and replacement procedure, additional
- During the removal and replacement procedure, additional nondestructive testing may be required. See notes regarding Weld Inspection & Nondestructive Testing (NDT).

 All labor, materials, and equipment necessary to remove and replace the diaphragms and diaphragm stiffeners as shown on the Plans will be incidental to the contract unit price per each for Remove and Replace Steel Diaphragm. 5. All labor, materials, and equipment necessary to remove and replace

STATE OF	PROJECT	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
S.D.	029S-168	12	19

REMOVE AND REPLACE DAMAGED WELDS

- 1. The damaged transverse stiffener welds as well as web to bottom flange welds shown in the plans shall be replaced by grinding damaged weld and re-welding. Grinding shall be in the longitudinal direction. Transverse grinding will not be allowed. The stiffener shall then be re-welded in accordance with the Bridge Welding Code.
- 2. All repaired welds shall be checked by non-destructive MT testing after grinding; see Weld Inspection & Nondestructive (NDT) note. Repair options for the defects found by the non-destructive testing shall be determined by the Bridge Construction Engineer.
- 3. All costs associated with grinding the damaged transverse stiffener welds and web to bottom flange welds, including all materials, equipment and labor shall be incidental to the contract unit price per inch for Grind Weld.
- 4. All costs associated with re-welding the transverse stiffener welds and web to bottom flange welds, including all materials, equipment and labor shall be incidental to the contract unit price per inch for Field Weld.

REMOVAL OF SURFACE NICKS AND GOUGES

- 1. Grind the bottom flange of girder G1 as directed by the Engineer, to remove all sharp edges from surface nicks and gouges created by vehicle impact. The amount of material removed shall be kept at the absolute minimum necessary to remove the sharp edges and to minimize the section reduction of the existing structural members. Grinding shall be longitudinal. Transverse grinding will not be allowed. The grinding shall be done prior to heat straightening the girder.
- 2. All surface nicks and gouges shall be checked by non-destructive MT testing after grinding; see Weld Inspection & Nondestructive Testing (NDT) note. Repair options for the defects found by the nondestructive testing shall be determined by the Bridge Construction Engineer.

NOTES (CONTINUED) **FOR**

281'-0" CONT. COMP. GIRDER BRIDGE

Str. No. 55-089-380

FEBRUARY 2020





	OF	11100201	NO.	SHEETS
	S.D.	029S-168	13	19
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- REMOVAL OF SURFACE NICKS AND GOUGES (CONTINUED)
- 3. The quantity provided for Surface Grinding of Structural Steel is an estimate. The payment quantity will be per square inch as determined by the Construction Engineer. This item may not be encountered and could be removed from the plans.
- 4. All costs associated with removing sharp edges from surface nicks and gouges including all materials, equipment and labor shall be incidental to the contract unit price per square inch for Surface Grinding of Structural Steel.

AIR CARBON ARC CUTTING AND GOUGING

- All removal of diaphragm gusset plates and welds called for by the plans shall be accomplished using the air carbon arc process unless noted otherwise. Plasma cutting will also be allowed. If the contractor plans to use plasma cutting, the Bridge Construction Engineer shall be notified and will provide the Contractor with additional requirements for this cutting method.
- 2. Before any air carbon arc cutting or gouging begins, lay out all cut lines on the steel surfaces using a marker that will be visible during the cutting process.
- 3. When grinding to a specified shape or dimension is required after air carbon arc cutting, lay out the shape on the steel surface with a visible marker and grind to the layout line. Air carbon arc gouging shall be done using DC, electrode positive.
- 4. Extreme care shall be exercised during the cutting or gouging process so that absolutely no damage (such as nicks, gouges, splattering) to the surrounding metal occurs. Any damage caused by the air carbon arc process shall be repaired by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Engineer at no cost to the Department.
- 5. Grind all surfaces cut or gouged with the air carbon arc process to remove high carbon deposits, provide a smooth finish, and prepare metal for welding and/or to accept paint.

PAINT RESIDUE REMOVAL AND CONTAINMENT

- Paint removal on the existing bridge shall be in accordance with Section 412 of the Construction Specifications, except as modified by these notes.
- The Contractor shall plan his operation to prevent releases of leadcontaining material and other particulate matter into the surrounding air, water, and onto the ground, slope protection, and pavement. The Contractor shall be responsible for any corrective actions should a spill occur.

- 3. Collect all visible paint particles and blasting residue containing paint at the end of each workday from the work area. Inspect outside the containment and collect any paint particles or blasting residue that escaped the work area. Collect waste material by manual means, vacuum, or another method approved by the Engineer. Do not use air pressure or streaming water to assist in the waste collection process that could disperse the waste material.
- 4. In the event of a spill or inadvertent release, the Contractor shall immediately stop work, notify the Engineer, and report the release to the South Dakota Department of Environmental and Natural Resources (DENR). The Contractor shall be responsible for completing a spill reporting form and for all costs associated with appropriate corrective actions.

To report a release or spill, call DENR at (605) 773-3296 during regular office hours (8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Central Time). To report the release after hours, on weekends or holidays, call State Radio Communication at (605) 773-3231. Reporting the release to DENT does not meet any obligation for reporting to other state, local, or federal agencies. Therefore, the Contractor must also contact local authorities to determine the local reporting requirements for releases. DENR recommends that spills also be reported to the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

BRIDGE REPAINTING, CLASS I

- 1. All work affected areas and all new structural steel shall be painted in accordance with Section 412 of the Construction Specifications.
- 2. The intent of the heat straightened & repaired areas is to paint the entire girder surface for a distance of 6" outside of the outer edges of the heat straightening. The finished girder shall have a uniform paint appearance as approved by the Engineer. For informational purposes, the approximate total area under this item of repair is 855 square feet. The actual work affected area will only be known after all the nondestructive testing and heat straightening is complete.

NOTES (CONTINUED)

FOR

281'-0" CONT. COMP. GIRDER BRIDGE

Str. No. 55-089-380

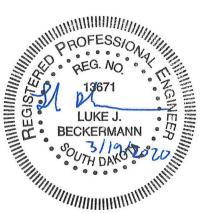
FEBRUARY 2020

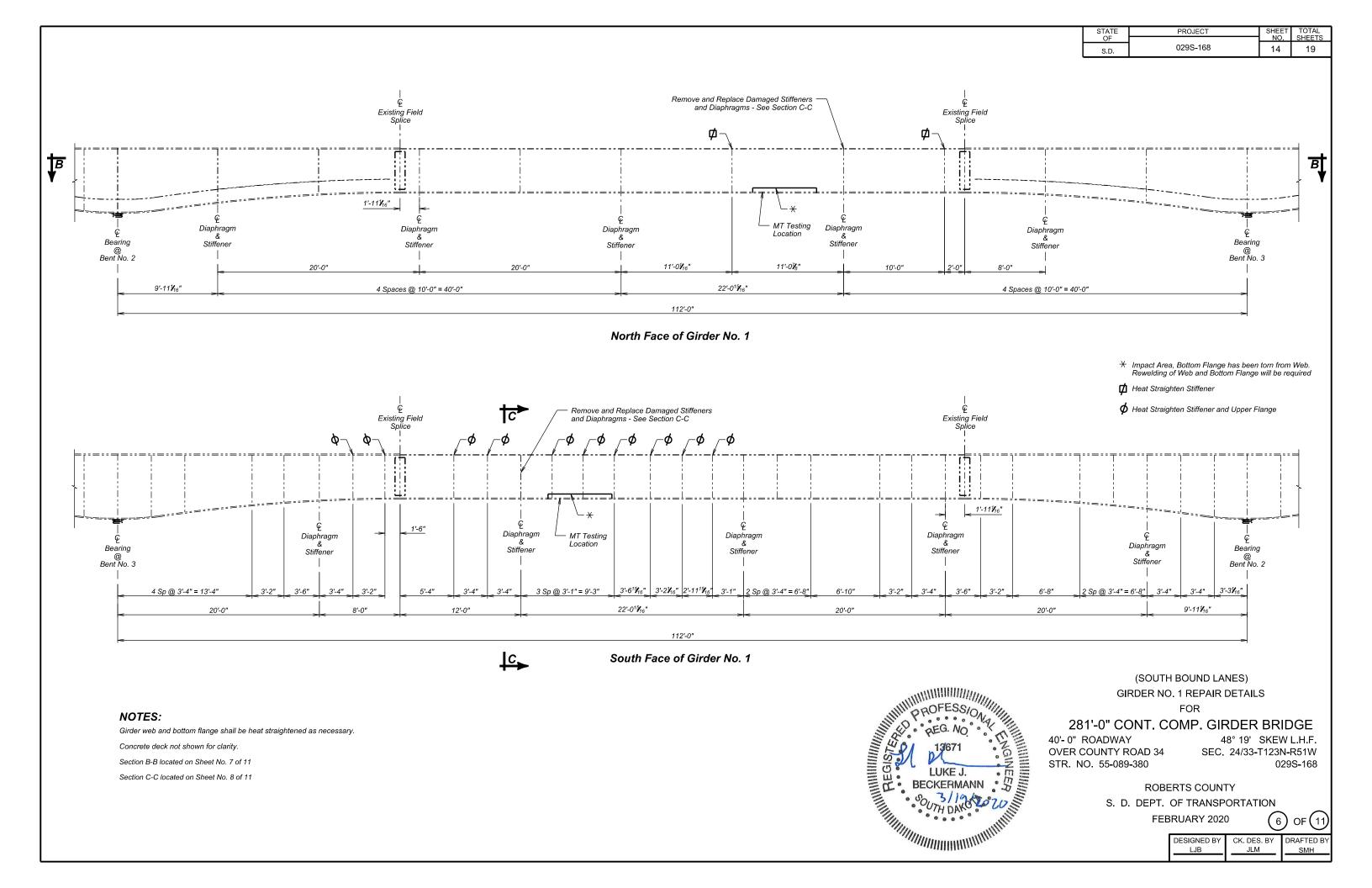


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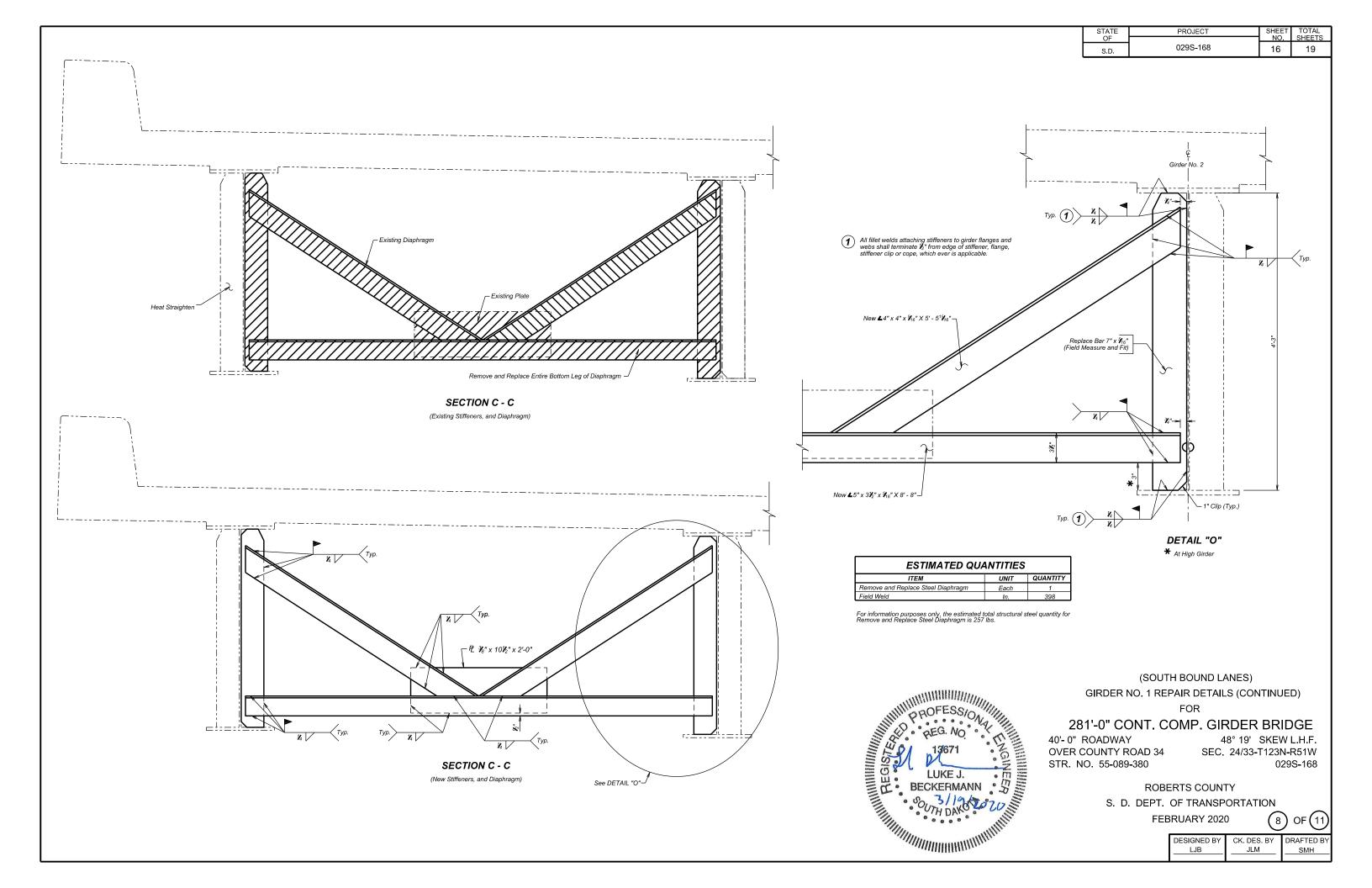


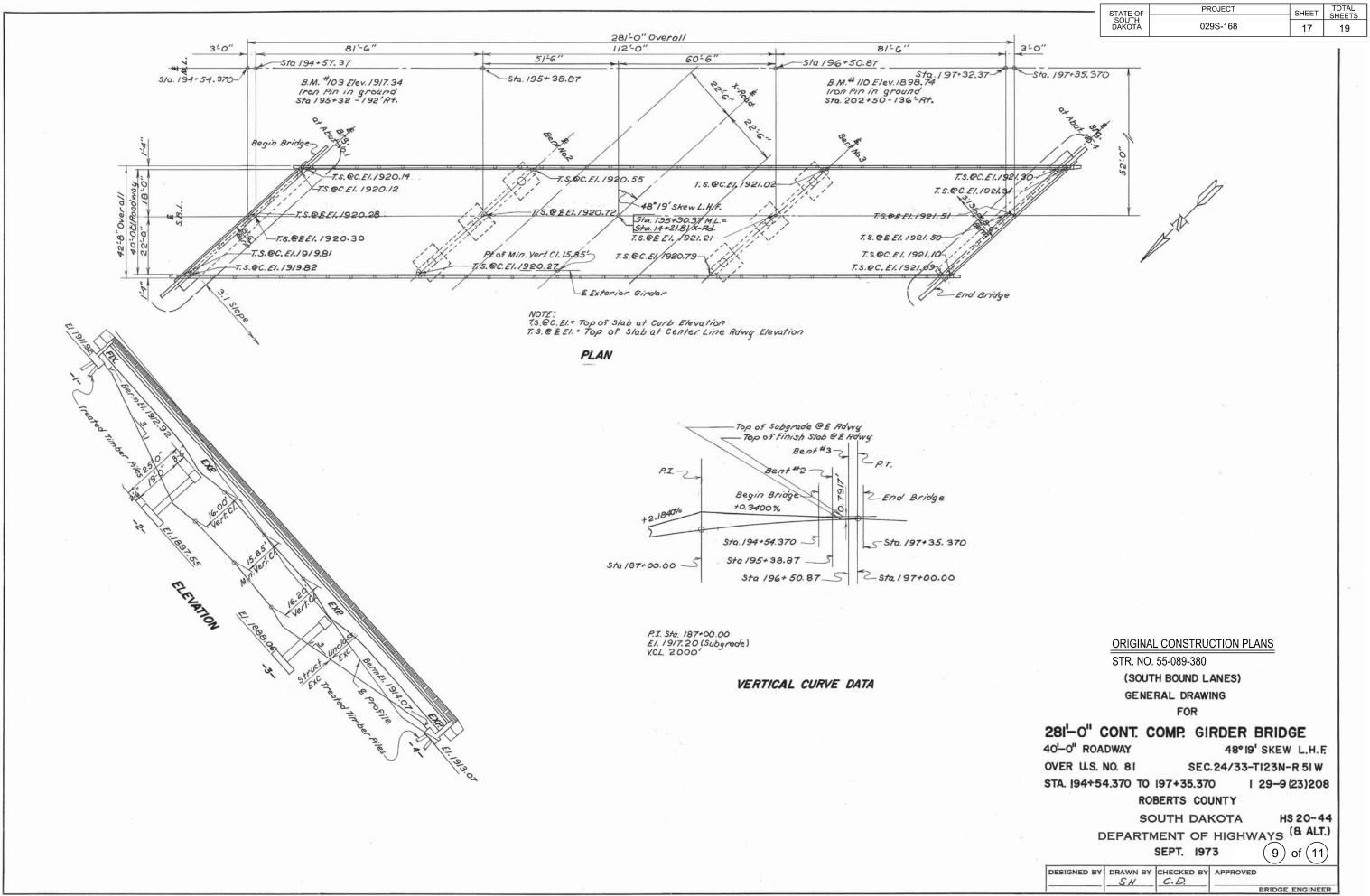
ED BY: DK. DES. BY: DRAWN BY: SMH

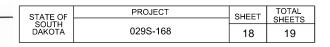


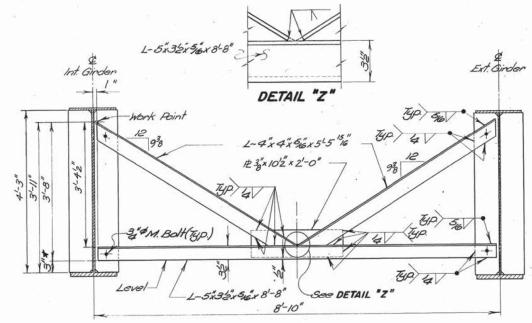


			STATE OF OF S.D. PROJECT NO. SHEET NO. TOTAL SHEETS S.D. 029S-168 15 19
Girder No. 1 Bottom Flange Coriginal Horizontal Position Splice	 J >	ξ Existing Field Splice	/ > =::=:=::=::=::=:=:=:=:=:=:=:=:=:=:=:=:
Bearing Q Q Diaphragm Diaphragm Bent No. 2 & & Stiffener Stiffener	Q Diaphragm & Stiffener	Ç Diaphragm & Stiffener	Q Q Bearing Diaphragm & Bent No. 3 Stiffener
9'-11V ₁₆ " 20'-0"	20'-0"	22'-0'\$/6" 20'-0"	20'-0"
	SECTION I GIRDER NO. 1 - BOT		
	GIRDER NO. 1 HORIZONTAL IMPACTS DEFLECTED POSITION MEASUREMENTS	GIRDER NO. 1 VERTICAL IMPACTS DEFLECTED POSITION MEASUREMENTS	NOTE: Heat Straighten Girder No. 1 Bottom Flange, Web, and Stiffeners. See Notes.
BECKERMANN SOUTH DAX Shown at X Measurements)	X Y 0' 3'-4" 2½" 13'-3½6" 3¾6" 33'-3½6" 33'-3½6" 4½" 43'-3½6" 4½" 43'-3½6" 53'-3½6" 54'-3½" 10¾6" 75'-4" 75'-4" 85'-4" 95'-4" 3½" 105'-4" 3½" 33"	X O' 62'-6V ₁₆ " 64'-3V ₁ " 67'-7V ₁ " 8" 72'-3" 75'-4" 78'-8" 82'-0" 85'-4" 88'-10" 0"	(SOUTH BOUND LANES) GIRDER NO. 1 REPAIR DETAILS (CONTINUED) FOR 281'-0" CONT. COMP. GIRDER BRIDGE 40'- 0" ROADWAY 48° 19' SKEW L.H.F. OVER COUNTY ROAD 34 SEC. 24/33-T123N-R51W STR. NO. 55-089-380 029S-168 ROBERTS COUNTY
SECTION J-J (Shown at X Measurements)	115'-4" 2½" 118'-8" 0"		S. D. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION FEBRUARY 2020 7 OF 11 DESIGNED BY CK. DES. BY JLM SMH

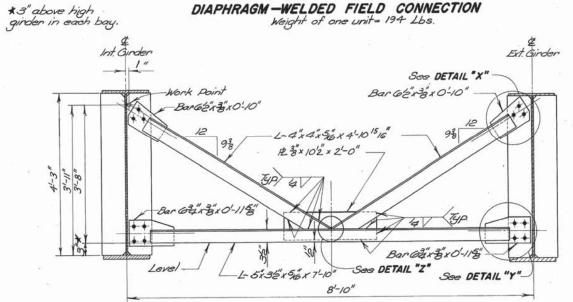




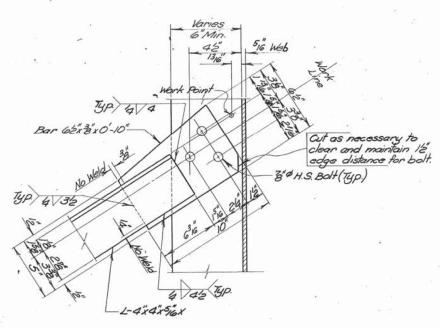




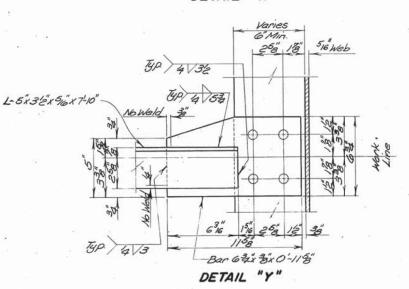
DIAPHRAGM -WELDED FIELD CONNECTION Weight of one unit = 194 Lbs.



ALTERNATE DIAPHRAGM - BOLTED FIELD CONNECTION Weight of one unit = 219 Lbs. (Diaphragm in Straight Section)



DETAIL "X"



GENERAL NOTES-

GENERAL NOIES—
I. The pay weight of structural steel for Diaphragms will be based on the weight of the Diaphragms with Welded Field Connections regardless the type furnished and installed. This includes all field bolts.

2. The 3 Machine Bolts and Nuts shall conform to A.S.T.M. Specifications A-307. Machine Bolts shall have regular

semi-finished hexagon heads and nuts with one round plate

semi-finished hexagon heads and nuts with one round place washer.

3. The 8" High Strength Bolts, Nuts and Washers shall conform to A.S.T.M. Specifications A.325. The bolts shall be the heavy hexagon head "Structural "type with heavy semi-finished hexagon nut and hardened round washer.

4. The 8" High Strength Bolts shall be tightened to a minimum tension of 39 250 pounds. Tightening shall be done with a properly calibrated wrench or by the "turn of the nut method as provided in section 2. 10. 20 of the A.S.H.O. Specifications.

5. Holes for the 2" Machine Bolts shall be "2" in the stiffener plates and "5" in the angles.

6. Holes for the 3" High Strength Bolts shall be "5" in the stiffener plates and "1" in the 3" gusset plates.

ORIGINAL CONSTRUCTION PLANS

STR. NO. 55-089-380

(SOUTH BOUND LANES) DIAPHRAGM DETAILS FOR

281-0" CONT. COMP. GIRDER BRIDGE

40'-0" ROADWAY

48°19' SKEW L.H.F.

OVER U.S. NO. 81

SEC. 24/33-TI23N-R 5I W

STA. 194+54370 TO 197+35,370

1 29-9 (23) 208

ROBERTS COUNTY

SOUTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS (& ALT.)

HS 20-44 (10) of (11)

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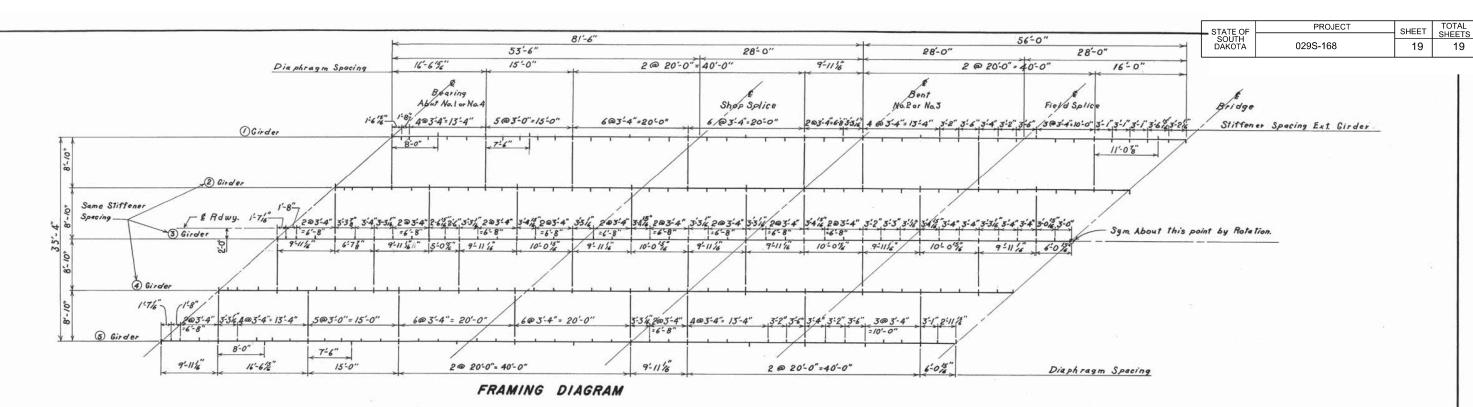
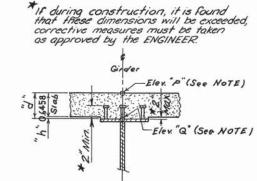
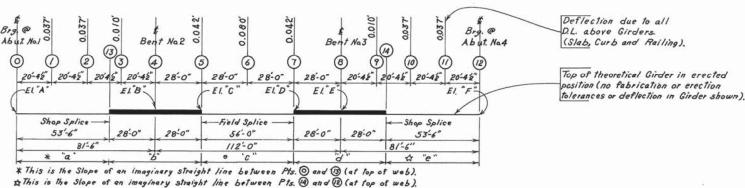


		TABLE OF SLAB FORM ELEVATIONS AND COMPUTATIONS											
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	/2
Elev. "P"	1920.158	1920.305	1920.411	1920.486	1920.574	1920.744	1920.904	1920.980	1921.045	1921.128	1921.225	1921,294	1921.327
(-) Elex Q													
e (=) d							J		2				
-11-10.646											7 7		
(=) h													
N Elev. "P"	1920.236	1920.384	1920.492	1920.569	1920.659	1920.832	1920.994	1921.073	1921.140	1921.226	1921,324	1921.393	1921.423
(-) Elev. Q													
(=) d	========		-										
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Elev."P"	1920.253	1920.403	1920.5/3	1920.591	1920 .683	1920.859	1921.024	1921.105	1921.175	1921.262	1921.362	1921,432	1921.464
(-) Elev. Q													7.7211.30
(=) d (-) 0.646'													
(-) 0.646													
(=) h													
Elev."P"	1920.064	1920.216	1920.327	1920,408	1920.502	1920.680	1920.847	1920.931	1921 004	1921.092	1921.194	1921.266	1921 291
(-) Elev. Q									-				.,,_,,,
(=) d													
(=) d (-) 0.646' (=) h													
(=) h				P22-1-1-1									
o Elev. "P"	1919.874	1920.028	1920. 141	1920, 223	1920.319	1920,500	1920,670	1920.756	1920,83/	1920,922	1921.026	1921.099	1921. 132
(-) Elev. Q													
0 (=) d													
(-) 0.646' (=) h													
5 (=) h													

	ERECTION ELEVATIONS AND GIRDER SLOPES												
Girder	Elevations (Top of Girder)							Slope %					
No.	A	В	C	D	E	F	* "a"	<i>"6</i> "	9 "C"	"d"	₩ "e"		
GI	1919.471	1919.917	1920.049	1920.281	1920.389	1920.639	0.47 153	0.47/53	0.41375	0.38405	0.38403		
G 2	1919.548	1920.003	1920.137	1920.375	1920.484	1920.738	0.48061	0.48061	0.425/8	0.38822	038 822		
G3	1919.565	1920.027	1920.164	1920.409	1920.519	1920.777	0.48982	0.48982	0.43661	0.39325	0.39325		
G 4	1919.376	1919.845	1919.985	1920.235	1920.347	1920.610	0.49890	049890	0.447/4	039963	0.39963		
65	1919.186	1919.663	1919.805	1920.061	1920.175	1920.444	0.50810	0.50810	0.45696	0.40712	0.407/2		





ERECTION ELEVATION DIAGRAM

OThis is the Slope of an imaginary straight line between Pts. 3 and 7 (at top of web).

NOTE-

This table of slab form elevations and computations contains the necessary information to determine the depth of Concrete, in feet, over girders at the points shown. All calculations can be carried in the spaces provided. Elevations "P" is the elevation of the slab form before any concrete has been poured. This elevation includes correction for vertical curve and deflection due to all D.L. above girders. Elevation "Q" is a field measured elevation taken on top of girders at the points shown. This elevation must be taken after girder erection is completed, but prior to placing any of the Concrete. Girders Shall not be supported by construction shoring while elevations are taken.

ORIGINAL CONSTRUCTION PLANS

STR. NO. 55-089-380

(SOUTH BOUND LANES)

FRAMING DIAGRAM AND ERECTION DATA FOR

281-0" CONT. COMP. GIRDER BRIDGE

40'-0" ROADWAY

48°19' SKEW L.H.F.

OVER U.S. NO. 81

SEC. 24/33-TI23N-R5IW

STA. 194+54.370 TO 197+35.370

1 29-9 (23) 208

ROBERTS COUNTY

SOUTH DAKOTA

HS 20-44 DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS (& ALT.)

OCT. 1973

(11) of (11)

DESIGNED BY DRAWN BY CHECKED BY APPROVED C.D. BRIDGE ENGINEER

19